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S/139/60/000/004/003/033

EO32/E51<sup>4</sup>

Application of the Perfect Differential Method to the Solution of  
Quantum Mechanical Problems

given by  $\alpha(k, x) = c \exp \left\{ \int_{x_0}^x u(k, \xi) d\xi + \int_{k_0}^k \hat{\Lambda}(u) \Big|_{x=x_0} dk \right\}, \quad (7)$

where  $c$ ,  $x_0$  and  $k_0$  are constants and  $u = \partial F / \partial x$  is the solution of the nonlinear differential equation

$$\frac{du}{dk} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ \hat{\Lambda}(u) \right] = 0. \quad (8) \checkmark$$

The present paper is concerned with a modification of this method so that it can be used to solve the following wave equation:

$$\hat{L}\psi(x) = \frac{d^2\psi}{dx^2} + \left[ \epsilon - v(x) \right] \psi = 0. \quad (9)$$

It is required to determine the values of the parameter  $\epsilon$  for which there are solutions satisfying either  $\psi(|x| \rightarrow \infty) \rightarrow 0$  or a cyclic condition. If the above method of solution is used in this

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S/139/60/000/004/003/033  
E032/E514**Application of the Perfect Differential Method to the Solution of Quantum Mechanical Problems**

case, then the left-hand side of Eq.(9) will be equal to zero provided the limits of integration  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  are determined from Eq.(6), i.e. Eq.(2) will be a solution of Eq.(9) for any value of  $\epsilon$ . On the other hand, the method must be modified if it is required to determine the proper functions and the corresponding values of the parameter  $\epsilon$ . The solution of Eq.(9) is sought in the form of

$$\psi(x) = \int \alpha(k) e^{F(k,x)} dk \quad (10)$$

and the appropriate conditions for the integration limits  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  are obtained. The method is illustrated with the example of the wave equation for a free particle and the linear harmonic oscillator. In this modified form the method involves the solution of

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial k} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 0, \quad (40)$$

rather than Eq.(9). There are 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M. Gor'kogo (Ural State University imeni A.M. Gor'kogo)

SUBMITTED: July 6, 1959

Card 4/4

S/126/61/011/002/001/025  
E032/E314

AUTHORS: Masharov, S. I. and Rezanov, A. I.

TITLE: Electrical Resistance and Defect Formation Energy

PERIODICAL: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, 1961, Vol. 11,  
No. 2, pp. 181 - 185

TEXT: It is stated that there is a discrepancy between theory and experiment when the effect of lattice defects on the electrical properties of metals is taken into account. The present authors describe an attempt to obtain a better agreement. A relation is established between the resistance due to defects and the energy necessary for the formation of these defects. The discussion begins with a consideration of the metal at a sufficiently low temperature for all effects associated with thermal motion to be ignored. In the initial state (metal without defects), the system of nuclei at rest is characterised by a uniform spatial distribution with a density  $\rho_0$ . The system of electrons is also spatially homogeneous and their distribution over the various states

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S/126/61/011/002/001/025  
EO32/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

is described by a function  $f_0(v)$ , e.g. the Fermi function.  
The internal field is assumed to be absent ( $E_0 = 0$ ). When  
the defects are present the spatial distribution of the nuclei  
is described by a given function  $\rho_1(r)$ , which is such that

$$\psi(r) = \rho_0 + \rho_1(r) \quad (1)$$

where  $\rho_1(r)$  are subject to the following limitations

$$\rho_1(r) \ll \rho_0; \quad (2)$$

$$\rho_1(r) \rightarrow 0; |r| \rightarrow \infty; \quad (3)$$

$$\int \rho_1(r) dr = 0. \quad (4)$$

The system of electrons in the metal with defects is  
described by a distribution function  $f(r, v)$ , which  
satisfies the equations

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Electrical Resistance ....

$$(v \nabla_r) f + \frac{\epsilon}{m} (E \nabla_v) f = 0; \quad (6)$$

$$\text{div } E = 4\pi e \left\{ Z\rho(r) - \int f(r, v) (dv) \right\}. \quad (7)$$

Bearing in mind Eq. (2), the function  $f$  can be found by the method of successive approximations, using the expansion

$$f(r, v) = f_0(v) + f_1(r, v) + f_2(r, v) + \dots \quad (8).$$

It can then be shown from Eqs. (6) and (7) that

$$f_1(r, v) = Za(v) \int \frac{p_i(q)}{q^1 + q_0^2} \exp(iqr) (dq). \quad (11)$$

where

$$a(v) = \frac{4\pi e^2}{m} \frac{1}{v} f'_0; \quad q_0^2 = \int a(v) (dv). \quad (12)$$

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EO32/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

and  $\psi_1(q)$  is the Fourier amplitude of the function  $\psi_1(r)$ .  
The potential of the internal field  $\psi_1(r)$  can be shown to  
be given by:

$$\psi_1(r) = 4\pi eZ \int \frac{\rho_1(q)}{q^2 + q_0^2} \exp(iqr) (dq). \quad (13)$$

For evaluating this potential it turned out to be possible  
to abandon the usual assumption that the presence of defects  
has no effect on the form of the potential functions of  
isolated atoms. Under this assumption,  $\psi_1$  is found from:

$$\psi_1(r) = \sum_n V(r - R_n - \delta R_n) - \sum_n V(r - R_n), \quad (14)$$

where  $R_n$  is the radius vector of the n-th ion in the ideal  
lattice.

$\delta R_n$  is the displacement vector for the n-th ion

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E052/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

and  $V$  is the potential function for the ion, i.e. for the nucleus and the surrounding electronic cloud.  $V$  is usually chosen to be in the form of a spherically symmetric Coulomb potential. However, this assumption cannot be justified in the case of ions in the neighbourhood of vacancies, interstitial atoms, etc. or in the neighbourhood of dislocations, where the electronic clouds are subjected to an asymmetric effect due to their neighbours. Calculation of  $\psi_1(r)$  on the basis of Eq. (14) leads to a formula analogous to Eq. (13), except that  $q_o$  is replaced by the screening constant  $q_{scr}$ . The difference ( $q_o \neq q_{scr}$ , in general) is apparently due to the fact that changes in the electronic density are not taken into account in Eq. (14). Finally, the solution for  $f_2$  can be found from Eqs. (6) and (7) and is

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S/126/61/011/002/001/025  
E032/E314

## Electrical Resistance . . .

$$f_1(r, v) = Z^2 b(v) \int \frac{(q^2 + Q^2(v)) p_1(q') p_1(q - q') \exp(iqr)}{(q^2 + q_0^2)(q'^2 + q_0^2) [(q - q')^2 + q_0^2]} (dq) (dq'), \quad (17)$$

$$\text{rde} \quad b(v) = \frac{4\pi e^2}{m} \frac{1}{v} a'(v); \quad Q^2(v) = q_0^2 - \frac{a(v)}{b(v)} \int b(v) (dv). \quad (18)$$

This theory is then used to compute the electrical resistance associated with the scattering of the conduction electrons on the defects. This is given by

$$R = \frac{mv_\zeta}{e n} \ell^{-1} \quad (19)$$

where  $v_\zeta$  is the velocity corresponding to the limiting Fermi energy,  $n$  is the number of conduction electrons per unit of volume and  $\ell$  is the mean free path for interactions

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S/126/61/011/002/001/025  
E032/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

with the defects. Experimental results for the residual resistance and the resistance of plastically deformed metals have not supplied any evidence for the existence of anisotropy in  $R$ . It may therefore be considered that the Fourier amplitude of the potential depends only on  $|q|$ . Under this assumption, the mean free path is given by

$$\tau^{-1} = 16\pi^2 \left( \frac{dK}{dE} \right)_c K_c^2 \int_0^\infty B(K, K') (1 - \cos \theta) \sin \theta d\theta. \quad (20)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} B(K, K') &= |(K' e\varphi_1(K))|^2 = \left| \int \exp[i(K - K')r] e\varphi_1(r) (dr) \right|^2 = \\ &= (4\pi e^2 Z)^2 \frac{|e\varphi_1(z)|^2}{z^2 + q_0^2}; \quad z = K' - K; \\ &\quad z^2 = 2K^2(1 - \cos \theta); \quad |K'| = |K|. \end{aligned} \quad (21)$$

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E032/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

Thus, the resistance  $R$  is found to be proportional to

$$F(x) = \frac{|\psi_1(x)|^2}{x^2 + q_o^2} \quad (22)$$

The defect-formation energy can be written down as the difference between the internal energy of the system with and without the defects

$$W = \int \left\{ \frac{m}{2} \int v^2 f(dv) + \frac{E^2}{8\pi} - \frac{m}{2} \int v^2 f_0(dv) \right\} (dr). \quad (23)$$

Substituting  $f = f_0 + f_1 + f_2$  and  $E = E_1 = -\nabla \psi_1$ , i.e. computing  $W$  up to second-order terms, one finds that

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E032/E314

Electrical Resistance ...

$$W = 2\pi e^3 Z^3 \int \frac{q^2 + Q_0^2}{(q^2 + q_0^2)^2} |\rho_1(q)|^2 (dq). \quad (24)$$

where

$$Q_0^2 = \frac{m}{e^2} \left\{ \int_0^\infty v^4 b(v) dv - \frac{p_0^2}{q_0^2} \int_0^\infty v^4 a(v) dv \right\}; \quad p_0^2 = \frac{4\pi e^3}{m} \int \frac{1}{v} a'(v) dv. \quad (25)$$

In computing  $W$ , use is made of the condition  $\rho_1(q)_{q=0} = 0$  which follows from Eq. (4). It follows from Eq. (24) that the function  $F$  in Eq. (22), which enters into the formula for  $R$ , can be written down in the form:

$$F(q) = \frac{|\rho_1(q)|^2}{q^2 + q_0^2} = \frac{W}{2\pi e^3 Z^3} \chi(q). \quad (26)$$

where the unknown function  $\chi(q)$  satisfies the condition:

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EO32/E314

Electrical Resistance ....

$$4\pi \int_0^{\infty} q^2 \frac{q^2 + Q_0^2}{q^2 + q_0^2} \chi(q) dq = 1 \quad (27)$$

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Using the substitution

$$\beta(K_c) = \int_0^{\pi} \chi(K_c)(1 - \cos \theta) \sin \theta d\theta. \quad (28)$$

and Eqs. (19), (20), (21) and (26), the final expression for R is found to be

$$R = (16\pi^3)^2 \frac{m v_c}{2n} \left( \frac{dK}{dE} \right)_c K_c^2 \beta(K_c) W. \quad (29)$$

Acknowledgments are expressed to I.S. Zyryanov for valuable advice. There are 9 references: 5 Soviet and 4 non-Soviet.

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..//120/61/011/002/001/025  
L052/E314

Electrical Resistance . . .

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im.  
A.M. Gor'kogo (Ural State University im.  
A.M. Gor'kogo)

SUBMITTED: June 20 1966

Card 11/11

REZANOV, A.I.; MASHAROV, S.I.

Theory of the heat capacity of weak substitutional solid solutions  
at low temperatures. Fiz.met.i metalloved. 13 no.1:3-9 Ja '62.  
(MIRA 15:3)

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M.Gor'kogo.  
(Solutions, Solid--Thermal properties)  
(Metals at low temperature)

MASHAROV, S.I.

Effect of the addition of small concentrations on the electrical  
resistance of metals. Fiz. met. i metalloved. 13 no.2:156-172  
(MIRA 15:3)  
F '62.

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A.M.Gor'kogo.  
(Metals—Electric properties) (Crystal lattices)

MASHAROV, S.I.

Electric conductivity of metals having vacancies. Pis. met. i metalloved.  
14 no.2:288-290 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M.Gor'kogo.  
(Crystal lattices) (Metals—Electric properties)

MASHAROV, S.I.

Frequency spectrum of acoustic vibrations of crystals with vacancies. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz. no.5:39-42 '63. (MIRA 16:l).

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M.Gor'kogo.

MASHAROV, S.I.

Frequency spectrum of elastic waves in ordered binary alloys. Fiz. met.  
i metalloved. 17 no.2:176-183 F '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Gor'kogo.

MASHAROV, S.I.

Electric resistance of disordered alloys. Pis. met. i metalloved.  
19 no.6:820-826 Je '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Gor'kogo.

MASHAROV, S.I.

Heat resistance of unordered binary alloys. Fiz. met. i  
metalloved. 20 no.4:489-493 O '65.  
(MIRA 18:11)

1. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.M.  
Gor'kogo.

ACC NR: AR6031876 SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/006/E041/E041

AUTHOR: Masharov, S. I.

TITLE: The heat capacity of ordered alloys

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 6E320

REF SOURCE: Uch. zap. Ural'skogo un-ta. Ser. fiz., vyp. 1, 1965, 145-151

TOPIC TAGS: heat capacity, binary alloy, alloy, Debye temperature, disordered alloy, ordered alloy

ABSTRACT: The possibility of making theoretical evaluations of the lattice position of the heat capacity  $C_V$  with the volume of binary alloys constant is discussed. At low temperatures,  $C_V = \text{constant}$  (70), where  $\theta$  is interpreted as the Debye temperature of the alloy. In the case of completely disordered solid solutions with components having close atomic masses, the value  $\theta$  is a weighted mean of the Debye temperatures of each component in a hypothetical power field, corresponding to the power field of the alloy. In general, this magnitude depends not only on concentrations, but also on the atomic masses of components and on the extent of the long-range order. In the high-temperature

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ACC NO. AR6031876

range, the lattice heat capacity is expressed through moments of frequencies of the phonon spectrum, while the latter in turn, are related to the Debye temperature. K. Gurov. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 20/

Card 3/2

MASHAROVA, L.G.

Biogeochemical provinces with calcium and phosphorus deficiency  
in Novosibirsk Province. Trudy Biogeokhim. lab. no.11:189-196 '60.  
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Sibirskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivotnovodstva.  
(NOVOSIBIRSK PROVINCE—FEEDS—ANALYSIS)  
(CALCIUM—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)  
(PHOSPHORUS—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

MASLAROVA, N.V., inventor; KVARTYR, S.A., designer; TOMA, G.D., designer.  
KUBLOV, V.N., designer.

Investigating the performance of the fan coil unit and  
signed by engineers A.A. and V.V. Chusovitina, etc.  
KuzNII no. 10007-91. Date. 1988.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/6392

Brezhneva, K. M., T. S. Masharova, I. F. Nikolayevskiy, D. I.  
Smetanina, S. V. Supov, T. I. Fishbeyn, and A. B. Khotimskiy

Tranzistory i poluprovodnikovyye diody (Transistor and Semiconductor  
Diodes) Moscow, Svyaz'izdat, 1963. 646 p. Errata slip inserted.  
40,000 copies printed.

Ed. (Title page): I. F. Nikolayevskiy; Ed.: L. I. Vengrenyuk;  
Tech. Ed.: K. G. Markoch.

PURPOSE: This handbook is intended for technicians and scientists  
concerned with the application of semiconductor devices. It  
may also be useful to students of radio engineering divisions  
in schools of higher education and to advanced radio amateurs.

COVERAGE: This is the second edition of the handbook and it differs  
from the first by giving more complete information, including data

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**Transistor and Semiconductor Diodes**

SOV/6392

concerning new transistors and diodes. It also introduces a new general chapter on transistors in which the physical meaning and significance of each parameter are explained in detail and lists the specific characteristics of the transistors commonly used in the USSR. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

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**PART ONE. TRANSISTORS**

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| 1. Principles of marking and classification | 25 |

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MASHARISKIY, B. N.

USSR/ Engineering - Test Instruments

Card 1/1 Date: 12/8 - 10/34

Authors : Val'nev, D. P.; Il'ina, R. I.; Masharskiy, B. N.; and Khinskii, P. D.

Title : The ultrasonic defectoscopy of forged pieces

Periodical : Vest. mash. 12, 63-64, Dec 1954

Abstract : The operation, structure and adaptability of the UZM-9 defectoscope used for detecting and recording cracks and deformations in forged pieces was investigated. Drawings.

Translators : .....

Subscribers : .....

MASHARSKIY 3/1

NOVIKOV, A.K.; KOLESNIKOV, A.Ye.; MASHARSKIY, B.N.

Calibrating vibrometers used for measuring vibrations of  
mechanisms. Izm.tekh. no.2:32-35 Mr-Ap '58. (MIRA 11:3)  
(Vibration--Measurement)  
(Calibration)

MALINUSHKIN, B.F.; MASHARSKIY, I.M.

Modern systems for the molding of paper and paperboard. By.  
prom. 38 no.1:15-16 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proektirovaniyu predpriyatiy  
tsellyulosnoy i bumashnoy promyshlennosti.  
(Papermaking machinery)

SELLER, V.M.; MASHARSKIY, Ye.I.; SENDERZON, M.E.

Formation of a single-band signal for telemetering. Izv. Sib.  
otd. AM SSSR no. 11:134-136 '62. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Novosibirskiy elekrotekhnicheskiy institut.

ACC NR: AR6035216

SOURCE CODE: UR/0274/66/000/008/A078/A078

AUTHOR: Krivoguzov, A. S.; Mikhaylov, P. A.; Masharskiy, Ye. I.

TITLE: Frequency meter

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Radiotekhnika i elektronika i elektronika svyazi, Abs. 8A577

REF SOURCE: Tr. Novosib. elektrotekhn. in-t svyazi, vyp. 1, 1965, 90-100

TOPIC TAGS: frequency meter, frequency band, frequency measurement, frequency spectrum

ABSTRACT: A device has been developed for frequency measurement with an accuracy of  $\pm 1 \cdot 10^{-6}$  in the 3-10 Mc frequency band. It is based on producing spectra of frequencies multiple of the frequency of a basic quartz-crystal oscillator of 100 kc. The measured frequency is read using a decade scaler. A block diagram of the system, the basic circuits of the essential junctions and the results of experimental tests are presented. A number of advantages of this device as compared to the PICh-3 precision frequency meter are mentioned. [Translation of abstract] [NT]

SUB CODE: 17/

Card 1/1

UDC: 621.317.76;621.317.36

11/12/1971, V. I.  
KURAYEV, A.V.; SINGEIKOV, P.L.; BELYIY, N.G.; BULAVA, V.P.; VYAZ'MIN, V.A.;  
OGOLEIEV, B.S.; DYSHEMAN, B.N.; KARTELIN, B.S.; KATUKOV, G.I., KUGEL',  
N.V.; MARSHALIN, V.I.; RAGUSKAYA, L.F.; RUDINSKII, S.M.; SHTRAMOV,  
A.B.; TARASOV, L.A.; FEDOROVA, A.A.; FEDOROV, L.N.; TSERPKIN, N.F.;  
SHAYKOVICH, A.G.; VASIL'Yeva, I.A., red. izd-va; TIKHANOV, A.Ya.,  
tekhn. red.

[ZIL-158 and ZIL-158A motorbuses; instructions for operation] Avtobusy  
ZIL-158 i ZIL-158A; instruktsiya po ekspluatatsii. Moskva, Gos.  
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1958. 193 p.  
(MIRA 11:7)

1. Moskovskiy avtomobil'nyy zavod.  
(Motorbuses)

ARMAND, G.B.; VYAZ'MIN, V.A.; GRINSHTEYN, L.M.; GOL'DBERG, G.I.; GOLUBEV,  
B.S.; KASHLAKOV, M.V.; KRASNOPEVTSOV, M.P.; KUZNETSOV, S.I.;  
KURAYEV, A.V.; KAYUKOV, G.I.; MASHATIN, V.I.; MOLOTOV, V.I.;  
MRUSH, A.R.; PRAL', G.I.; RAGUSKAYA, L.F.; RUBINSHTEYN, S.M.;  
SIMEONOV, P.L.; TARASOV, L.A.; PEDOROVA, A.A.; TSERPKIN, M.J.;  
SHAYEVICH, A.G.; ZARUBIN, A.G., otv.red.; VASIL'YEVA, I.A., red.  
izd-va; SOKOLOVA, T.F., tekhn.red.

[ZIL-157 motortruck; operation and service] Avtomobil' ZIL-157:  
instruktsiya po ekspluatatsii. Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashino-  
stroit.lit-ry, 1958. 235 p. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Moskovskiy avtomobil'nyy zavod.  
(Motortrucks)

MASHAYEV, F.P., dotsent, kand.ekonom.nauk

On the problem of applying the economic laws of socialism to the supervision of the national economy by the Communist Party and the Soviet state. Trudy Ural. politekh. inst. no. 95:5-24 '59.

(MIRA 13:8)

(Russia--Economic policy)

GORLOVSKIY, M.A. [deceased], red.; GOTLOBER, V.M., red.; YELOKHOV, P.I.,  
red.; MASHAYEV, F.F., red.

[Problems of economic history and economic geography]  
Voprosy ekonomicheskoi istorii i ekonomicheskoi geografii;  
sbornik statei. Sverdlovsk, Sredne-Ural'skoe kn. zhnoe izd-vo,  
1964. 277 p. (MIRA 18.1.)

1. Sverdlovsk. Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

MASHITS, T. D.

USSR

The effect of low protein diets on the growth of mice  
and rats. A. A. Belova and N. D. Vaynshteyn. *Trudy  
Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Biologicheskaya*, No.  
124, 1957, p. 24. Moscow: Izdatelstvo Akademii  
Nauk SSSR, 1958. *Voprosy Kachestva Chistosti i  
Sobstvennosti Organizmov pri Priblizhenii k Zivotnym  
Vidam*. Moscow: Izdatelstvo Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0

MASH BITS, F.D.

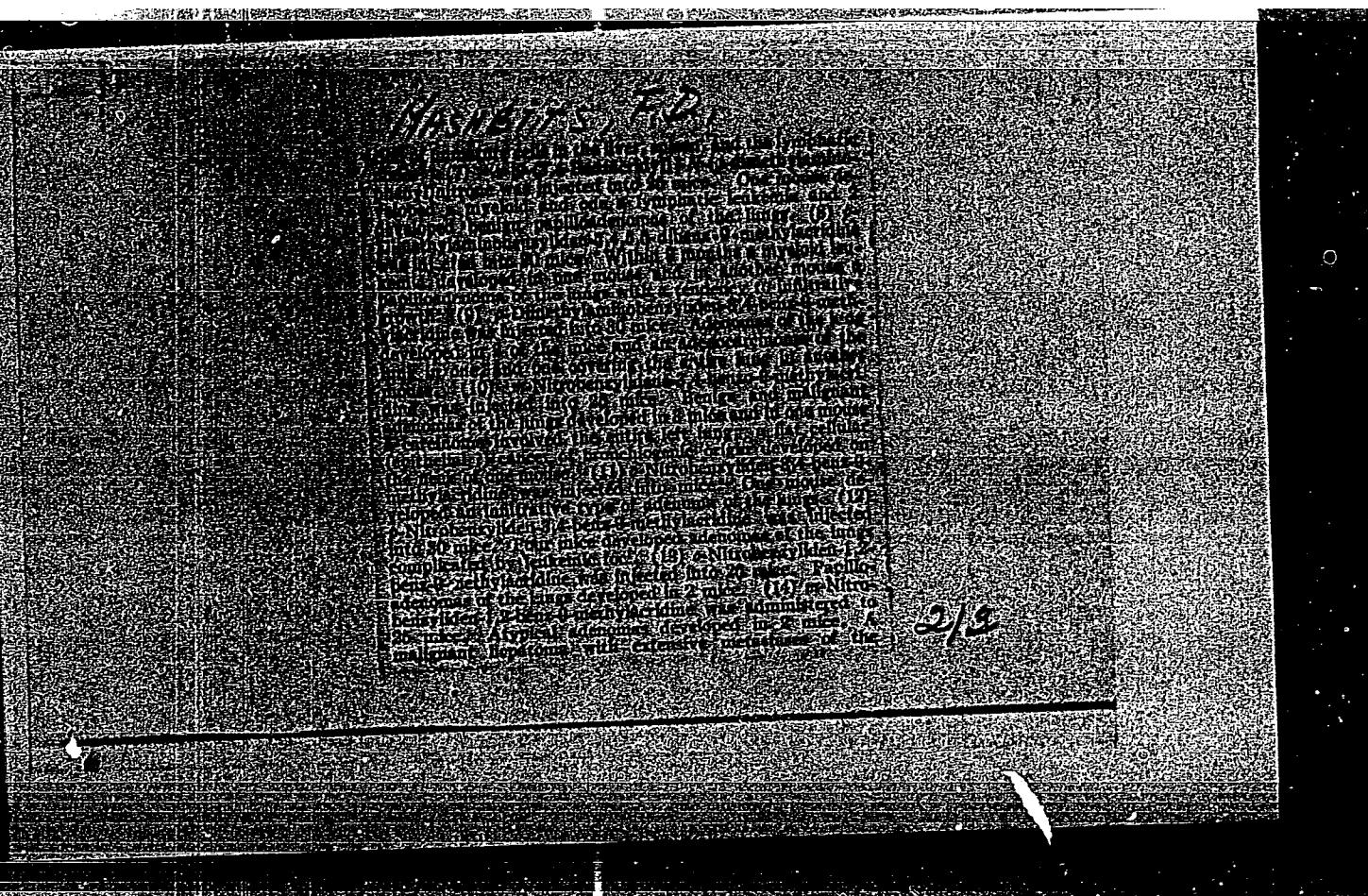
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

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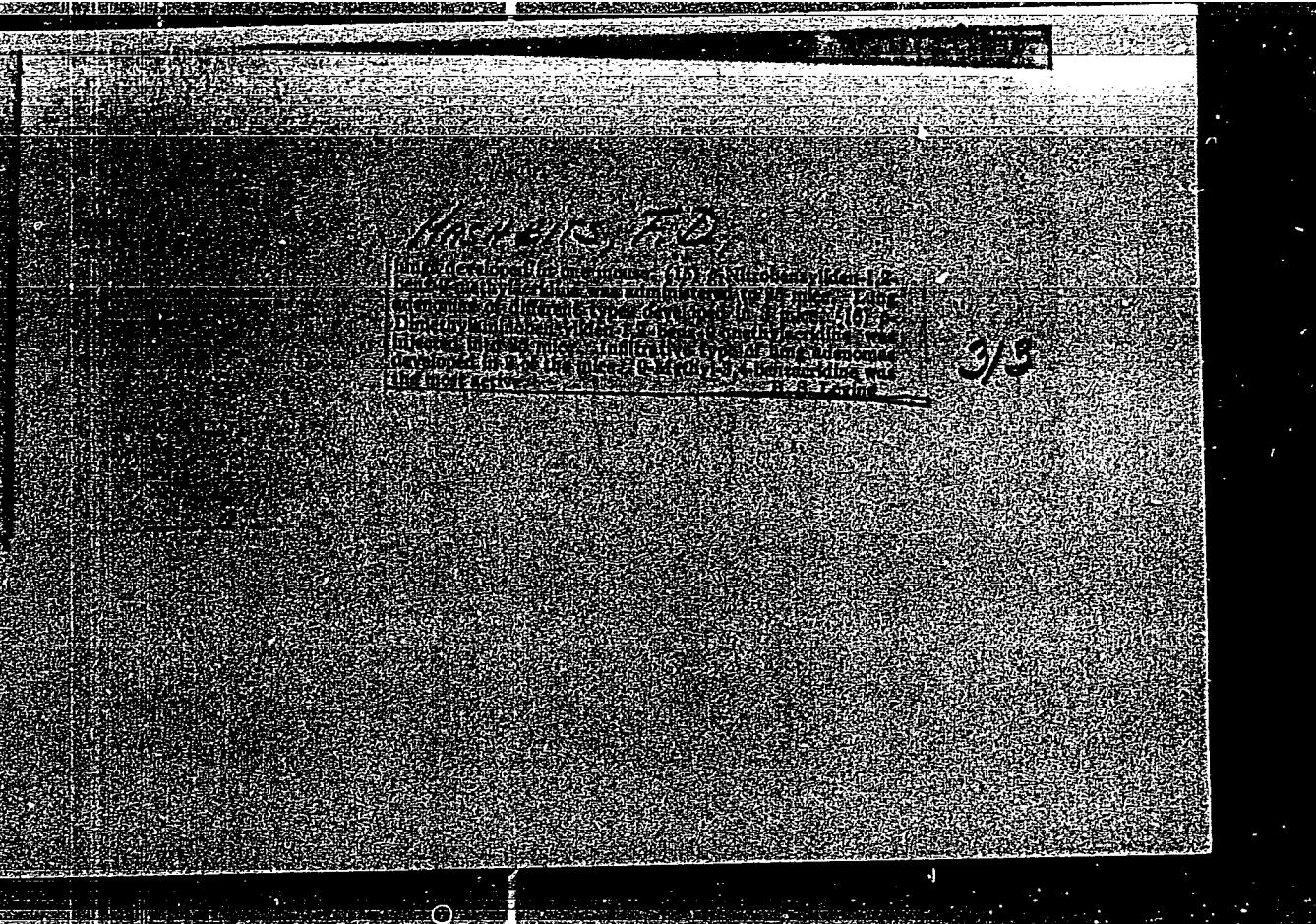


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CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0"

MASHBITS, F.D.  
USSR/Medicine - Oncology

FD-2266

Card 1/1      Pub 17-17/20

Author : Gel'shteyn, V. I.; Mashbits, F. D.

Title : Investigation of blastomogenic properties of certain cholestadienes

Periodical : Byul. eksp. biol. i med. 3, 66-69, Mar 1955

Abstract : Investigated the blastomogenic properties of six different cholesta-dienes ( $\Delta^{2,4}$ -cholestadiene,  $\Delta^{4,6}$ -cholestadiene,  $\Delta^{3,5}$ -cholesta-diene,  $\Delta^{4,6}$ - $\Delta^{2,4}$ -dichoestadienyl,  $\Delta^{3,5}$ -cholestadiene -- 3-methyl- $\Delta^{3,5}$ -cholestadiene, and 3-ethyl- $\Delta^{3,5}$ -cholestadiene) by subcutaneous injection in mice and subsequent histological examination on the natural death of the mice. Table. One reference, USSR, since 1940.

Institution: Laboratory of Experimental Oncology (Head-Prof. L. M. Shabad, Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR) of the Institute of Oncology (Director-Prof. A. I. Serebrov, Corresponding Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR) of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR

Submitted : June 26, 1954 by N. N. Petrov, Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR

(1)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5245

Ministerstvo svyazi SSSR. Tekhnicheskoye upravleniye

Novyye razrabotki v oblasti radiosvyazi i radioveshchaniya; informatsionnyy sbornik (New Developments in the Field of Radio Communication and Radio Broadcasting; Informational Collection) Moscow, Svyaz'izdat, 1959. 80 p. 11,500 copies printed. (Series: Tekhnika svyazi)

Resp. Ed.: A. S. Vladimirov; Ed.: V. I. Bashur; Tech. Ed.: G. I. Shefer.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for technical personnel concerned with the development and operation of radio communication and radio broadcasting.

COVERAGE: The book contains, according to the Foreword, information on new developments realized at the Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Ministerstva svyazi SSSR (State

Card 1/3

SOV/5245

## New Developments in the Field (Cont.)

Scientific Research Institute of the Ministry of Communication USSR). Radio communication and radio broadcasting apparatus are described. Several articles are concerned with the development of new checking and measuring instruments. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

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Card 2/3

## New Developments in the Field (Cont.)

SOV/5245

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| Gurevich, M. S., V. Ye. Belovitskiy, and N. V. Deryugin. Electronic Copying Device for Reproducing Electric Pulses of Arbitrary Shape From a Drawing | 75 |

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress: (TK6563.R92)

JP/dfk/ec  
6-15-61

Card 3/3

MASHBITS, L. M  
•CA

INFLUENCE OF A LOW-PROTEIN DIET ON THE VITAMIN C CONTENT  
IN THE ORGANS OF WHITE RATS AND ON THE URINARY excretion.  
S. Kaplanshif and I. Mashbits. Biokhimiya 12, 201-7  
(1947) - It was observed that Vitamin C was rapidly  
destroyed in the bodies of patients on a low-protein diet.  
When white rats were fed a low-protein diet, less than the  
normal amt. of vitamin C was excreted in the urine. The  
liver and kidneys of such rats contained only 60-65% of  
the normal vitamin C content; the adrenals and intestines  
contained 20%, and the spleen 80%. The vitamin C  
content of the organs did not increase after the rats, which  
had been fed a low-protein diet, were given 10 mg.  
of vitamin C daily. A low-protein diet leads to the  
destruction of both endogenous and exogenous vitamin C.  
II. Prisevsky

Lub Tissue Chem., Inst Biol & Med Chem, AMS USSR  
and Chem Brochure, 2<sup>nd</sup> Moscow Med Inst.

MASHBITS, L.M.; FRIDLYAND, I.B.

Ascorbic acid concentration in organs and its excretion with urine  
in guinea pigs infected by *Bacillus perfringens*. Vop.med.khim.  
3:253-256 '51. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Kafedra biokhimii II-go Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
I.V. Stalina.  
(ASCORBIC ACID) (CLOSTRIDIUM PERFRINGENS)

MASHBITS, L.M.; GUR'YENA, I.P.

Restoring the synthesis of ascorbic acid and the antienemic principle  
in white rats kept on a protein-low diet. Vop.med.khim. 4:168-179  
'52. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Kafedra biokhimii II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni  
I.V.Stalina.  
(ASCORBIC ACID) (PROTEIN METABOLISM) (ANEMIA)

MASHBITS, L. M.

TELEGRAPHY

"Experimental Verification of the Effectiveness of Reception of Telegraph Signals with Pre-Detector Integration" by L. M. Mashbits.  
Elektronika, No 12, December 1957, pp 22-29.

Discussion of the principles of realization of pre-detector integration of telegraph signals and description of a block diagram and a circuit schematic for the integrating circuitry. A procedure used for the investigations and the results of comparative tests of systems with post-detector and pre-detector integration are given. Reference is made to an article by M. L. Doelz "Predicted-Wave Radio Teleprinter", Electronics, No 12, 1954.

Card: 1/1

-1-

MASHBITS, L. M.

L. M. Mashbits, "On the influence of feeder parameters on the noise coefficient and the sensitivity of a receiver system." Scientific Session Devoted to "Radio Day", May 1958, Trudrezervizdat, Moscow, 9 Sep 58.

A derivation is given of the formula for the noise coefficient of a feeder operating from an antenna with the radiation resistance  $R_A = W$  and the relative temperature  $t_A$ .

It is proved that the feeder noise coefficient is independent of the matching coefficient of the feeder to the receiver input.

An expression is determined for the noise coefficient of the reception system. Expressions relating the receiver input parameters, the input matching coefficient, the feeder parameters, the relative antenna temperature and the receiver sensitivity for given values of the signal-to-noise ratio and a given receiver pass band.

A conclusion is drawn that it is expedient to try to have the magnitude of input matching coefficient be an optimum, independently of the feeder length, when designing and adjusting receivers in the frequency band used by USW mainline radio communications.

A block diagram and a method of determining the relative antenna temperature under conditions of a real communication line is presented.

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S/106/SC/001/001/005/006  
2012/BC67**6,9400**

AUTHOR:

Mashits, L. M.

TITLE:

On the Effect of Feeder Parameters on the Noise Factor  
and the Sensitivity of the Receiving System

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika, 1960, Vol. 15, No. 1, pp. 38-47

TEXT: The present analysis begins with a determination of the noise factor of the feeder on the basis of the equivalent circuit shown in Fig. 1. Formula (15) for the noise factor  $N_{af}$  of the feeder is deduced (a antenna, f - feeder). It shows that  $N_{af}$  is independent of the input and output mismatching factors, and that it is only determined by the parameters  $\beta$  (feeder-damping per unit length) and  $l$  (geometrical feeder length) as well as by  $t_A$  ( $t_A$  is a dimensionless coefficient indicating to what degree the temperature of a resistor which is equal to the input resistor  $R_a$  of the antenna, must be higher than the temperature  $T$  of the surrounding medium, so that the noise developed by this resistor is

Card 1/4

On the Effect of Feeder Parameters on the Noise Factor and the Sensitivity of the Receiving System

83655

S/108/60/C-5/CC1/CC2/CC3  
B012/B067

equal to that of the antenna). If  $t_A = 1$ , (15) passes into formula (18). For calculating a real communication line (consisting of receiver, antenna and feeder) the influence of all elements belonging to this system and/or their parameters must be considered. For this purpose the concept of the noise factor  $N_{afr}$  of the receiving system is introduced and defined by formula (18) (a - antenna, f - feeder, r - receiver). The block diagram of a receiving system with a receiver, a feeder, and an antenna is shown in Fig. 3. Formulas (22), (24), and (25) are deduced. They show that the optimum value of the matching factor  $K_{1opt}$  for the receiver input guaranteeing the  $N$ -minimum ( $N$  - noise factor of the entire system) is the optimum value also for the  $N_{afr}$  (noise factor of the receiver) is the optimum.

This is due to the fact that this value is independent of  $t_A$ ,  $\beta$  and  $l$ . It is pointed out that in contrast to  $N$ , which characterizes only the receiver, the noise factor  $N_{afr}$  characterizes not only the equipment (antenna, feeder, receiver) but also the reception conditions at the line concerned. For the calculation it is more convenient to use directly the

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On the Effect of Feeder Parameters on the Noise Factor and the Sensitivity of the Receiving System S/108/60, 315, 1, 1, 1, 1  
B012/B067

formula for the sensitivity of the reception system instead of that for  $N_{afr}$ . This formula (33) is deduced here and diagrammatically shown for various  $N$  and  $t_A$  in Figs. 4, 5 and 6. The values of the noise factor  $N$  corresponding to the matching of the output power maximum ( $K_1 = 1$ ) (  $K_1$  - matching factor at the input) or of the noise factor minimum ( $K_1 = K_{1\text{ opt}}$ ) for different  $h_1$  (input noise factor) and  $\alpha$  ( $\alpha = R_R/R_E$  - tube parameter characterizing the anode circuit noise.  $R_E$  input resistor) are then inserted into formula (33). The curves obtained are shown in Figs. 7, 8, and 9. They show the increase in sensitivity of the receiving system on the transition from  $K_1 = 0$  to  $K_1 = K_{1\text{ opt}}$  under the various operational conditions of the reception system ( $t$  and  $\mu$ ) and various  $h_1$  and  $\alpha$  values. Finally, the method of determining the relative noise temperature  $t_A$  of the antenna is given.  $t_A$  can be determined experimentally. Here, the considerations upon which the experimental

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Card 3/4

On the Effect of Feeder Parameters on the Noise Factor and the Sensitivity of the Receiving System

83655

S/108/CC/015/SC/1005/11  
B012/B057

determination is based are described, and formula (39) for  $t_A$  is obtained.  
 $t_A$  can be determined therefrom or from the diagram shown in Fig. 1.  
There are 10 figures and 6 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: September 4, 1969

✓

Card 4/4

SERPUKHOVITIN, D.V.; MASHBITS, M.G.

Method for identifying Trichomonas in vaginal secretion. Lab. delo  
7 no. 10: 31-33 0 '61<sup>4</sup> (MIRA 14:10)  
(TRICHOMONAS) (VAGINA--DISEASES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0

MASHBITS, Ya.O.

~~"Chile."~~ A.A.Dolinin. Reviewed by IA.O.Mashbits. Geog.v shkole  
no.2:74-75 Mr-Ap '54. (MLRA 7:2)  
(Dolinin, A.A.) (Chile)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0"

MASHBITS, Ya.

Economics of capitalist countries after the second world war.  
(MLRA 7:8)  
Geog. v shkole no.4:79 Jl-Ag '54.  
(Economics)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

"Geography of hunger" [abridged translation from the English].  
Josue de Castro. Reviewed by I.A.G. Mashbits. Geog. v shkole  
(MLRA 8:7)  
18 no.2:76-79 Mr-Ap '55.  
(Geography, Economic) (De Castro, Josue.)

MASHBITS, Ya.; KULAGIN, G.; TIKHOMIROV, V.P., otvetstvennyy redaktor;  
CHIZHOV, N.N., redaktor; MOGINA, N.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Spain, Portugal, Andorra, Gibraltar] Ispaniya, Portugaliya,  
Andorra, Gibraltar. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1956. 23 p.  
(Iberian Peninsula) (MLRA 9:9)

ARMAYS, Francisco; MASHBITS, Yakov; LAVRENT'YEVA, Ye.V., redaktor;  
KOSHELEVA, S.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Spain] Ispaniya. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1956. 76 p.  
(Spain--Geography) (MLRA 10:1)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

"Bibliography of the geography of Mexico" [in Spanish]. A.Bassels.  
Reviewed by IA. G.Mashbits. Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.geog.no.4:140-141  
(MLRA 9:10)  
Jl-Ag '56.

1.Institut geografii Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Mexico--Geography) (Bassels, A.)

MASHBITS, Ia.Q.; GOKHMAN, V.M.; KUMKES, S.N.; TIKHOMIROV, V.P., otvetstvennyy  
red.; ASOYAN, N.S., red.; VILENSKAYA, E.J., tekhn. red.

[Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, British Honduras, Salvador, Nicaragua,  
Costa Rica, Panama] Meksika, Gvatemala, Gonduras, Britanskii Sonduras,  
Sal'vador, Nikaragua, Kosta-Rika, Panama. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo  
geogr. lit-ry, 1958. 53 p. (NIRA 11:7)

(Central America) (Mexico)

MASHBITS, Ya G.

NIKOL'SKAYA, V.V.

b3

3(5) FRAME I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/1796

Moskovskoye obshchestvo ispytateley prirody. Geograficheskaya sektsiya.

Regional'noye karstovedeniye; trudy soveshchaniya po regional'noy karstovedeniye (Regional Study of Karst Phenomena; Papers of the Meeting on the Regional Study of Karst Phenomena) Moscow, 1958. 79 p. 600 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Moskovskoye obshchestvo ispytateley prirody. Redaktsionno-izdatel'skiy sovet.

Ed.: (Title page): N.A. Ovredetskiy, Professor; Ed. (Inside book): O.N. Radol'man

PURPOSE: This book is intended for geologists, hydrologists, specialists in engineering geology, and speleologists.

COVERAGE: This collection of articles is based mainly on reports presented at a Conference on Regional Studies of Karst organized by the Geographical Section of the Moscow Society of Naturalists

Card 1/3

Sokolov, D.S. Certain Characteristics in the Development of Karst in One of the Regions of the Middle Course of the Yung-tze River (China) 61

Ovredetskiy, N.A. and Ya.G. Mashbits. Some Problems of the Tien-tsin Karst (geomorphology, Water-Supply and Settlements) 71

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (00501.5) 50/100  
Card 1/3

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Latin American geographical literature. Vop. geog. m. 44:  
?40-?49 '58. (MIRA 12:5)  
(Latin America--Geography)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Reference series published by the U.S. Department of Commerce.  
(MIRA 12:5)  
Vol. 26, No. 44:764-265 '58.  
(Geography, Economic)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0"

sov/99-59-2-9/12

30(1)

AUTHOR: Mashbits, Ya.G.

TITLE: The Irrigation and Economy of Mexico (Orosheniye  
zemel' i ekonomika Meksiki)

PERIODICAL: Gidrotehnika i melioratsiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 50-53  
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article deals with the irrigation and economy of  
Mexico. There are 4 tables.

Card 1/1

MASHBITS!, Ya.G.

Visit of the Cuban geographer, Professor Antonio Núñez Jiménez, to  
the Institute of Geography of the U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences.  
Isv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.5:159-160 3-0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)  
(Núñez Jiménez, Antonio) (Russia--Relations (General) with Cuba)  
(Cuba--Relations (General) with Russia)

MASHBITS, Ya.O.

Mexican geographer's visit to the Institute of Geography of the  
U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences. Iss. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.6:142-143  
(MIRA 13:10)  
E-D '60.  
(Bassols Batalla, Angel) (Mexico--Geography)

MASHBITS, Yakov Grigor'yevich; GOKHMAN, V.M., otv. red.;  
LAVRENT'YEVA, Ye.V., red.; SHAPOVALOVA, N.S., mladshiy red.;  
KISELEVA, Z.A., red. kart; BURLAKA, N.P., tekhn. red.

[Mexico; economic and geographical features] Meksika;  
ekonomiko-geograficheskaya kharakteristika. Moskva, Gos.  
izd-vo geogr. lit-ry, 1961. 296 p. (MIRA 15:3)  
(Mexico—Economic geography)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Interdepartmental coordinating conference on the geography of  
capitalist countries. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.5:133-134 S-2  
'61. (MIRA 14:9)  
(Geography--Congresses)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Regeneration of the "green paradise"; Cuba's natural resources in  
the people's service. Priroda 50 no.10:101-112 O '61.  
(MIRA 14:9)

1. Institut geografii AN SSSR, Moskva.  
(Cuba--Natural resources)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Formation of economic regions in Mexico. Vop. geog. No. 53:  
(MIKA 14:7)  
101-113 '61.  
(Mexico--Economic zoning)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.; KOLESNIKOVA, A.G., red.; KOSTINSKIY, D.I., red.  
teksta; BARANOV, S.V., tekhn. red.

[Cuba; 1:1 500 000] Kuba; 1:1 500 000. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo  
geogr. lit-ry, 1962. Text. 1962. 16 p. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Glavnoye upravleniye geodezii i  
kartografii.  
(Cuba--Maps)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Visit of a Columbian geographer to the U.S.S.R. Izv. AN SSSR.  
Ser. geog no.1:163-164 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:2)  
(Visitors, Columbian)  
(Geographical research)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

History and present-day status of the research on the geography of  
Cuba. Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.geog. no.3:113-117 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:5)  
(Cuba—Geographical research)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

New features in the geography of revolutionary Cuba. Geog. v  
shkole 25 no.2:14-23 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:2)  
(Cuba--Economic conditions)

MASHEITS, Ya. G.; BRITSYNA, M.P.

Foreign geographers visit the U.S.S.R. Inv. AN SSSR. Ser.geog.  
no.1:154-156 Ja-P '63. (MIRA 16:2)  
(Visitors, Foreign) (Geography)

ZAYCHIKOV, V.T.; MASHBITS, Ya.G.; NAZAREVSKIY, O.R.; FEDOROVICH, B.A.;  
PREYKIN, Z.G.

Teaching geography in the secondary school. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser.  
geog. no.5:110-118 S-0 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

MASHBITS, Ya.G.

Changes in the structure and geography of the economy, and  
prospects for developing the socialist economy of Cuba; on  
the fifth anniversary of Cuban revolution. Izv. AN SSSR, Ser.  
geog. no.6:3-14 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut geografii AN SSSR.

MASHBITS, Ya. G.

"Nextoroye osobennost' organizatsii v Lat. Amer., Azerbaidzhan."  
report submitted for "U.S. Int'l. Univ., author is a local representative, Moscow,  
Moscow, 1984 Aug 19."

MASHCHENKO, A. F., Engineer-Lieutenant Colonel

"Investigation of Impulse Progressive Transmission." Thesis for degree of  
Cand. Technical Sci. S.c. 4 May 1951. Military Order of Lenin Awarded.  
Armed and Mechanized Forces of Soviet Army. Moscow I. V. Stal'.

Summary 71, 4 Sep 52. Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Science and  
Engineering in Moscow in 1950. From Vechernaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1950.

ZIMLEV, G.V.; MASHCHENKO, A.P.; MEDVEDKOV, V.I.

[Theory of the automobile; a book of problems] Teoriia avtomobilia; zadachnik.  
Moskva, Voen. izd-vo, 1952. 155 p. (MLRA 6:8)  
(Automobile engineering)

MASHCHENKO, Anatoliy Fedorovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent;  
SEREDAKOV, V.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent; KOSOROTOV,  
B.V., inshener-polkovnik, redaktor; SRIBNIS, M.V., tekhnicheskiy  
redaktor

[Maintenance of automobile.] Tekhnicheskoe obsluzhivanie avtomobilei.  
Moskva, Voen.izd-vo M-va obor. SSSR, 1957. 217 p. (MIRA 10:9)  
(Automobiles--Maintenance and repair)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0

MASHCHENKO, A.F., kand.tekhn.nauk

Design of disk brakes. Avt. prom. no.2:22-23 F '61. (MIRA 14:3)  
(Automobiles—Brakes)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0"

MASHCHENKO, Anatoliy Fedorovich, kand. tekhn. nauk, dots.;  
MEDVEDEKOV, Vladimir Ivanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk,  
dots.; OKUNEV, Yu.K., red.

[Fundamentals of the maintenance of motor vehicles] Osnovy tekhnicheskogo obsluzhivaniia avtomobilei. Moskva, Voenizdat, 1964. 255 p. (MIRA 17:12)

MYASNIKOV, A.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; MASHCHENKO, I.D., inzh.

Methane liberation from seams at various rates of stope ances-  
ment. Vop.bezop.v ugol'.shakh. 4:3-12 '64.

Methane content in stopes in manless coal mining methods. Ibid.:  
(MIRA 18:1)  
12-22

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0

MASCHERANO, J. I. (MILITARY ATTACHÉ) - 1940

OPERATION OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES  
COMPARISON OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES  
AND THE SOVIET UNION IN THE FIELD OF POLITICAL  
IDEAS. SECRET. 1940. 27 PAGES. BY M. L. T.

1. DATA ON THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032710016-0"

BELYAYEV, G.I.; GENDRIKHOVSKAYA, G.Ch.; BABENKO, L.F.; MASHCHENKO, L.V.

Effect of bentonites and other clays on certain properties  
of enamels. Bent.gliny Ukr. no.3:142-148 '59.  
(MIRA 12:12)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut.  
(Enamel and enameling) (Clay)

KOROTCHAYEV, D.I.; KLYUCHKO, V.I.; KOPYLOV, S.Ye.; MASHCHENKO, P.F.; GIESHMAN, A.Ye., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; ZELIKOVICH, I.I., kand.ekonom. nauk; SHRAYBER, S.B., inzh.

Organizing the direction of the construction of the Shush'-Kiya-Shaltyr' line according to a graphic work schedule. Transp. stroi.: 15 no.7:3-4 Jl '65. (MIRA '8:7)

1. Nachal'nik upravleniya Abakanstroyput' (for Korotchayev). 2. Glavnnyy inzh. stroitel'stva Abakanstroyput' (for Klyuchko). 3. Glavnyy tekhnolog stroitel'stva Abakanstroyput' (for Kopylov). 4. Nachal'nik straile'nomntazhnogo boyezda No.2+3 (for Mashchenko).

MASHCHENKO, S.A.; SHIPULIN, A.P., inzh. (st. Kondrashevskaya Novaya).

Speeded up car classification using low humps. Zhel. dor. transp.  
41 no.2:75-77 F '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Machal'nik stantsii Kondrashevskaya Novaya (for Mashchenko).  
(Railroads--Hump yards)

L 10241-66 EWT(d)/FBD/EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/EPF(n)-2/T/EWP(k)/EWA(m)-2/EWA(h) SCTB/LJP(c)

ACC NR: AP5028275 WG/WW/AT

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/65/165/002/0303/03G4

AUTHOR: Kurbatov, L. N.; Kabanov, A. N.; Sigriyanskiy, V. V.; Mashchenko, V. Ye.;  
Mochalkin, B. N.; Sharin, A. I.; Soroko-Novitskiy, N. V.

ORG: none

TITLE: Generation of coherent radiation in GaAs samples excited by electrons

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 165, no. 2, 1965, 303-304

TOPIC TAGS: laser, semiconductor laser, electron beam, gallium arsenide,  
crystal lattice, electron

ABSTRACT: Laser action at 77K and at room temperature is reported in both n- and p-type GaAs excited with a beam of electrons. The Fabry-Perot cavity was prepared by cleaving in the (110) plane. The resonator mirror surfaces were separated by a distance of 50-60  $\mu$ . An electron beam device supplied electrons with energies up to 60 kev. The repetition rate and the pulse duration were 50-200 pulses per second and  $9 \times 10^{-8}$  sec, respectively. The maximum beam current at a beam diameter of 60-70  $\mu$  was 17 amp. The electron beam was normal to the polished surface of the sample. The light was emitted from the faces normal to the polished faces. The threshold current densities were different for different samples and varied between 70 and 150 amp/cm<sup>2</sup>. Since the effective mass of the electron and the width of the forbidden gap in GaAs are larger than in InSb and InAs (two of the other semiconductor lasers) and the lifetime of the electrons is very short, population inversion in

Card 1/2

UDC: 537.311.33

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ACC NR: AP5028275

GaAs should occur at a temperature of the electron gas equal to the Debye temperature ( $\Theta_D = 410K$ ) and not the lattice temperature. Therefore, in the range of lattice temperatures between 77–300K, the threshold current should depend weakly on the temperature. The weak temperature dependence of the threshold current for laser action in GaAs was confirmed experimentally. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. [C8]

SUB CODE: 30 / SUBM DATE: 14Jan65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 004/ ATD PRESS:

4161

Card 2/2

MASHCHERSKIY, Nikita Aleksandrovich

Salinometers; construction, operation and control Moskva, Gos. energet. izd-vo, 1954  
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TC379.M3

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